

SWISS TEXTILE MACHINERY SEMINAR



April 25 - 26, 2016 Hotel Simorgh, Theran



Swiss Quality Air Engineering Worldwide. Since 1935.



By: Peter Fallegger – Regional Sales Manager



Luwa's History in Short



History





Luwa office in Zürich until 1998



Newspaper Advertisement in 1940



New company premises in Inda



Hans C. and Walter A. Bechtler

Luwa

Swiss Quality Air Engineering

Worldwide, Since 1935.

Since 1998 in Uster



Luwa - Worldwide



Luwa Group





Luwa

Representative in Iran since more than 10 years:



Tehran, Iran





Luwa's Business



1.) Textile Air Engineering



Spinning, Weaving, Knitting, Technical Textiles

- very narrow control of rel. humidity
- direct influence of machine efficiency from Air Engineering system
- high requirements of dust filtration
- worldwide market and technology leader

2.) Process Air Conditioning



Synthetic Fibers, Technical Textiles Nonwovens

- very narrow control of humidity (± 2 %rh) temperature (± 0.5 °C) and pressure (± 1%)
- high capacity AHU's (air volume, pressure)
- very high plant dependability required



3.) Industrial Air Engineering



Automobile, Tyre, Food, Manufacturing, Power, Paper, Leather

- customized engineering, considering industry requirements
- turnkey projects
- industrial type AHU's and equipment
- know how in different industries

4.) Heat Recovery and Exhaust Air Cleaning Systems





Textile Processing, Ceramics, Tyre Cord

- heat exchanger for industrial applications
- short Return of Investment (< 2 years)</p>
- know how to handle contaminated exhaust air
- customized solutions for optimized energy recovery
- Certificate for CO₂ reduction



Customized System Solution

and

<u>Design</u>

are key factors for:

→ Proper plant performance

 \rightarrow Optimized energy consumption

 \rightarrow Optimized and integrated civil work



Requirements of AC Stations



Provide:

- Controlled and constant relative humidity
- Setpoint +/- 2.5% MAX
- Broad coverage over all production areas



• Temperature

- Lapping
- · Comfort and health of labor

Humidity

- Testing accuracy
- Braking force
- Braking elongation
- Electrostatic charge

• Fiber Fly

- Failure rate
- Imperfections
- Maintenance cost



The Micro Climate





The Spinning Process





Dust Generation Explained



Re-directing



Roving



Winding





Converting



Ringspinning



Warping



Weaving and Knitting



Fill feeding





Fп

Sat

Sun

Typical outside condition

Wed

Thu

Required room conditions



± 2.5 % rh



Mon

Tue









RotorSphere for Rotor Spinning







Dust & Waste Collecting Systems



Prefabricated Compact Filter Unit





For small air volume





Bale Press System with Silos



Luwa

Swiss Quality Air Engineering Worldwide. Since 1935.

Swiss Textile Machinery Seminar | April 2016 | Page 24

Bale Press System with Silos





Bale Press: Type PACOMAT for Automatic Bale Binding





Bale Press: Type PHH for Manual Bale Binding







Weaving Process





Benefit of high relative humidity of cotton yarn in weaving process

- increased elongation
- increased yarn strength
- smoothen the yarn surface





Abrasion between yarns, mainly in the shed area, removes short fibers and size dust from the warp yarn







Laminar air flow of Loomsphere, demonstrated by smoke

Return air to humidification plant, taking away heat and dust



Conventional vs LoomSphere System

Conventional system 65-70% rel. humidity at 75-80% rel. humidity the warp in the room Humidity in the room: 75 % rh 323,000 m3/h Supply air volume: Consumed power: 139 KW

LoomSphere system





Weaving process





LoomSphere® and Loom TRAVCLEAN®







Luwa's Digi5



















Swiss Quality

Air Engineering

Worldwide. Since 1935.

Sensors

Only precise and high quality industrial sensors are used

T = ^{+/-} 0.2°C rH = ^{+/-} 0.5%







HTT-V

Swiss Quality Air Engineering Worldwide. Since 1935. DPGT-V

TT-V



Thank you for your attention!

